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From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

E.I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY Legal/Patent Records Center Attn. FEULNER, Gregory J 1007 Market Street Wilmington, Delaware 19898

PATENT RECORDS

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT OR THE DECLARATION

(PCT Rule 44.1)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	
	Date of mailing (day/month/year) 12/05/2000
Applicant's or agent's file reference	
BB1129 PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraphs 1 and 4 below
International application No.	International filing date
PCT/US 99/25950	(day/month/year) 04/11/1999
Applicant	
E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY et	al.
The applicant is hereby notified that the International Search	Report has been established and is transmitted berewith
Filing of amendments and statement under Article 19:	Treport has been established and is transmitted herewith.
The applicant is entitled, if he so wishes, to amend the claim	s of the International Application (see Rule 46):
When? The time limit for filing such amendments is norma International Search Report; however, for more de	
Where? Directly to the International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Fascimile No.: (41–22) 740.14.35	
For more detailed instructions, see the notes on the accordance	npanying sheet.
2. The applicant is hereby notified that no International Search Article 17(2)(a) to that effect is transmitted herewith.	Report will be established and that the declaration under
3. With regard to the protest against payment of (an) addition	nal fee(s) under Rule 40.2, the applicant is notified that:
the protest together with the decision thereon has been applicant's request to forward the texts of both the protest.	transmitted to the International Bureau together with the est and the decision thereon to the designated Offices.
no decision has been made yet on the protest; the appl	icant will be notified as soon as a decision is made.
4. Further action(s): The applicant is reminded of the following:	
Shortly after 18 months from the priority date, the international ap If the applicant wishes to avoid or postpone publication, a notice priority claim, must reach the International Bureau as provided in completion of the technical preparations for international publicat	of withdrawal of the international application, or of the n Rules 90 <i>bis</i> .1 and 90 <i>bis</i> .3, respectively, before the
Within 19 months from the priority date, a demand for international wishes to postpone the entry into the national phase until 30 more	
Within 20 months from the priority date, the applicant must perform before all designated Offices which have not been elected in the priority date or could not be elected because they are not bound	demand or in a later election within 19 months from the

Name and mailing address of the International Searching Authority

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Sandra De Jong-van Dam CLS NOTED

NOTES TO FORM PCT/ISA/220

These Notes are intended to give the basic instructions concerning the filing of amendments under article 19. The Notes are based on the requirements of the Patent Cooperation Treaty, the Regulations and the Administrative Instructions under that Treaty. In case of discrepancy between these Notes and those requirements, the latter are applicable. For more detailed information, see also the PCT Applicant's Guide, a publication of WIPO.

In these Notes, "Article", "Rule", and "Section" refer to the provisions of the PCT, the PCT Regulations and the PCT Administrative Instructions respectively.

INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING AMENDMENTS UNDER ARTICLE 19

The applicant has, after having received the international search report, one opportunity to amend the claims of the international application. It should however be emphasized that, since all parts of the international application (claims, description and drawings) may be amended during the international preliminary examination procedure, there is usually no need to file amendments of the claims under Article 19 except where, e.g. the applicant wants the latter to be published for the purposes of provisional protection or has another reason for amending the claims before international publication. Furthermore, it should be emphasized that provisional protection is available in some States only.

What parts of the international application may be amended?

Under Article 19, only the claims may be amended.

During the international phase, the claims may also be amended (or further amended) under Article 34 before the international Preliminary Examining Authority. The description and drawings may only be amended under Article 34 before the International Examining Authority.

Upon entry into the national phase, all parts of the international application may be amended under Article 28 or, where applicable, Article 41.

When?

Within 2 months from the date of transmittal of the international search report or 16 months from the priority date, whichever time limit expires later. It should be noted, however, that the amendments will be considered as having been received on time if they are received by the International Bureau after the expiration of the applicable time limit but before the completion of the technical preparations for international publication (Rule 46.1).

Where not to file the amendments?

The amendments may only be filed with the International Bureau and not with the receiving Office or the International Searching Authority (Rule 46.2).

Where a demand for international preliminary examination has been its filed, see below.

How?

Either by cancelling one or more entire claims, by adding one or more new claims or by amending the text of one or more of the claims as filed.

A replacement sheet must be submitted for each sheet of the claims which, on account of an amendment or amendments, differs from the sheet originally filed.

All the claims appearing on a replacement sheet must be numbered in Arabic numerals. Where a claim is cancelled, no renumbering of the other claims is required. In all cases where claims are renumbered, they must be renumbered consecutively (Administrative Instructions, Section 205(b)).

The amendments must be made in the language in which the international application is to be published.

What documents must/may accompany the amendments?

Letter (Section 205(b)):

The amendments must be submitted with a letter.

The letter will not be published with the international application and the amended claims. It should not be confused with the "Statement under Article 19(1)" (see below, under "Statement under Article 19(1)").

The letter must be in English or French, at the choice of the applicant. However, if the language of the international application is English, the letter must be in English; if the language of the international application is French, the letter must be in French.

Notes to Form PCT/ISA/220 (first sheet) (January 1994)

NOTES TO FORM PCT/ISA/220 (c ntinued)

The letter must indicate the differences between the claims as filed and the claims as amended. It must, in particular, indicate, in connection with each claim appearing in the international application (it being understood that identical indications concerning several claims may be grouped), whether

- (i) the claim is unchanged;
- (ii) the claim is cancelled;
- (iii) the claim is new;
- (iv) the claim replaces one or more claims as filed;
- (v) the claim is the result of the division of a claim as filed.

The following examples illustrate the manner in which amendments must be explained in the accompanying letter:

- [Where originally there were 48 claims and after amendment of some claims there are 51]:
 "Claims 1 to 29, 31, 32, 34, 35, 37 to 48 replaced by amended claims bearing the same numbers;
 claims 30, 33 and 36 unchanged; new claims 49 to 51 added."
- [Where originally there were 15 claims and after amendment of all claims there are 11]: "Claims 1 to 15 replaced by amended claims 1 to 11."
- [Where originally there were 14 claims and the amendments consist in cancelling some claims and in adding new claims]:
 - "Claims 1 to 6 and 14 unchanged; claims 7 to 13 cancelled; new claims 15, 16 and 17 added." or "Claims 7 to 13 cancelled; new claims 15, 16 and 17 added; all other claims unchanged."
- 4. [Where various kinds of amendments are made]: "Claims 1-10 unchanged; claims 11 to 13, 18 and 19 cancelled; claims 14, 15 and 16 replaced by amended claims 14; claim 17 subdivided into amended claims 15, 16 and 17; new claims 20 and 21 added."

"Statement under article 19(1)" (Rule 46.4)

The amendments may be accompanied by a statement explaining the amendments and indicating any impact that such amendments might have on the description and the drawings (which cannot be amended under Article 19(1)).

The statement will be published with the international application and the amended claims.

It must be in the language in which the international appplication is to be published.

It must be brief, not exceeding 500 words if in English or if translated into English.

It should not be confused with and does not replace the letter indicating the differences between the claims as filed and as amended. It must be filed on a separate sheet and must be identified as such by a heading, preferably by using the words "Statement under Article 19(1)."

It may not contain any disparaging comments on the international search report or the relevance of citations contained in that report. Reference to citations, relevant to a given claim, contained in the international search report may be made only in connection with an amendment of that claim.

Consequence if a demand for international preliminary examination has already been filed

If, at the time of filing any amendments under Article 19, a demand for international preliminary examination has already been submitted, the applicant must preferably, at the same time of filing the amendments with the International Bureau, also file a copy of such amendments with the International Preliminary Examining Authority (see Rule 62.2(a), first sentence).

Consequence with regard to translation of the international application for entry into the national phase

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that, where upon entry into the national phase, a translation of the claims as amended under Article 19 may have to be furnished to the designated/elected Offices, instead of, or in addition to, the translation of the claims as filed.

For further details on the requirements of each designated/elected Office, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Notes to Form PCT/ISA/220 (second sheet) (January 1994)



PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	I (Form PCT/ISA/2	of Transmittal of International Search Report 20) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.
BB1129 PCT	ACTION	
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)
PCT/US 99/25950	04/11/1999	05/11/1998
Applicant		·
E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS	AND COMPANY et al.	
This International Search Report has bee according to Article 18. A copy is being to This International Search Report consists		nority and is transmitted to the applicant
(A)	a copy of each prior art document cited in this	report.
Basis of the report		
	international search was carried out on the bas ess otherwise indicated under this item.	is of the international application in the
the international search w Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	as carried out on the basis of a translation of th	ne international application furnished to this
 b. With regard to any nucleotide an was carried out on the basis of the 		ternational application, the international search
[7]	nal application in written form.	
filed together with the inte	rnational application in computer readable form	ı.
furnished subsequently to	this Authority in written form.	
furnished subsequently to	this Authority in computer readble form.	
	sequently furnished written sequence listing do s filed has been furnished.	es not go beyond the disclosure in the
the statement that the info furnished	rmation recorded in computer readable form is	identical to the written sequence listing has been
2. Certain claims were four	nd unsearchable (See Box I).	
3. Unity of invention is lack	sing (see Box II).	
4. With regard to the title,		
the text is approved as sui	omitted by the applicant	
	ned by this Authority to read as follows:	
_		
5. With regard to the abstract,	mitted by the analisant	
	omitted by the applicant. led, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authority date of mailing of this international search repo	
6. The figure of the drawings to be public	shed with the abstract is Figure No.	1
X as suggested by the applic	ant.	None of the figures.
because the applicant faile	d to suggest a figure.	
because this figure better of	characterizes the invention.	

...

international application No.

PCT/US 99/25950

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)	
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:	
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:	
Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:	
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).	
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)	
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows: See additional sheet	
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.	
2. X As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.	
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:	
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:	
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.	

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: (1-23 partially)

An isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from impatiens as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, a chimeric gene, a host cell, a virus, a polypeptide as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2, a method of selecting an isolated polynucleotide, a method of obtaining a nucleic acid, a method for evaluating an inhibitory compound, a compositions, an expression cassette, a method for positive selection comprising said polynucleotide.

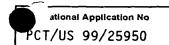
- 2. Claims: (1-23 partially) same as invention 1 but comprising a corn glutamine amidotransferase as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 3-8
- 3. Claims: (1-23 partially)

same as invention 1 but comprising a rice glutamine amidotransferase as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 9 and 10.

4- Claims: (1-23 partially)

same as invention 1 but comprising a soybean glutamine aminotransferase as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 11-14.

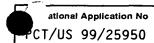
INTEL ATIONAL SEARCH REPORT



A. CLASS IPC 7	FIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C12N15/82 C12N15/52 C12N9/0 C1201/68	00 C12N5/10	G01N33/50	
1	01241/00			
	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classif	ication and IPC		
	SEARCHED ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classification)	ation sumbole)		
	C12N	and symbols)		
Documenta	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that	such documents are included in the	e fields searched	
Electronic o	lata base consulted during the international search (name of data b	oase and, where practical, search te	rms used)	
	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the re	elevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
А	FUJIMORI K AND OHTA D: "An Arab cDNA encoding a bifunctional glu amidotransferase/cyclase suppres histidine auxotrophy of a Saccha cerevisiae his7 mutant" FEBS LETTERS, vol. 428, no. 3, 29 May 1998 (19 pages 229-234, XP002136027 the whole document	tamine ses the romyces	1-8, 10-15, 17-23	
X	KLEM T J AND DAVISSON V J: "Imiglycerole phosphate synthase: the glutamine amidotransferase in his biosynthesis" BIOCHEMISTRY, vol. 32, 1993, pages 5177-5186, XP002136052 the whole document	e	16	
X Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members a	re listed in annex.	
° Special cat	egories of cited documents :	"T" later degriment sublished after	the international filing data	
"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the cited to understand the principle or theory underlying				
Date of the a	ctual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the internation	onal search report	
19	April 2000	12/05/2000		
Name and m	ailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 440-3016	Authorized officer Oderwald, H		

3

INTEF. ATIONAL SEARCH REPORT



ation) DOCIMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE BELEVANT	701/03 99/25950
Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
DATABASE EMEST21 'Online! EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID AW066760, 18 October 1999 (1999-10-18) WALBOT V: "Maize ESTs from various cDNA libraries sequenced at Stanford University" XP002136029 abstract	1,3-8, 11, 13-15, 17,19,20
DATABASE EMEST14 'Online! EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID AI899863, 28 July 1999 (1999-07-28) SHOEMAKER R ET AL.: "Glycine max cDNA clone similar to: glutamine amidotransferase/cyclase" XP002136030 abstract	1,3-8, 11, 13-15, 17,19,20
DATABASE NEW_TREMBL 'Online! EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID CAB36536, 17 June 1999 (1999-06-17) BEVAN M ET AL.: "Glutamine amidotransferase/cyclase" XP002136028 abstract	
	DATABASE EMEST21 'Online! EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID AW066760, 18 October 1999 (1999-10-18) WALBOT V: "Maize ESTs from various cDNA libraries sequenced at Stanford University" XP002136029 abstract DATABASE EMEST14 'Online! EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID AI899863, 28 July 1999 (1999-07-28) SHOEMAKER R ET AL.: "Glycine max cDNA clone similar to: glutamine amidotransferase/cyclase" XP002136030 abstract DATABASE NEW_TREMBL 'Online! EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID CAB36536, 17 June 1999 (1999-06-17) BEVAN M ET AL.: "Glutamine amidotransferase/cyclase" XP002136028

3

Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:



European Patent Office D-80298 Munich

Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d

Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465

Authorized officer / Examiner

Giebeler, K

Formalities officer (incl. extension of time limits)

Vullo, C

Telephone No. +49 89 2399 8061



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••	Das		σ,		٧P		•	

1.	This opinion has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this opinion as "originally filed".):			
	Des	cription, pages:		
	1-30		as originally filed	
	Clai	ims, No.:		
	1-23	3	as originally filed	
	Dra	wings, sheets:		
	1/4-	4/4	as originally filed	
2.	The	amendments have	resulted in the cancellation of:	
		the description,	pages:	
		the claims,	Nos.:	
		the drawings,	sheets:	
3.			established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been not the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):	
4.	Add	litional observations	s, if necessary:	
111.	Nor	n-establishment of	opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability	
			e claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-obvious), able have not been and will not be examined in respect of:	
		the entire internati	onal application,	
	×	claims Nos. 11, 14	ı, 15,	
be	caus	se:		
			nal application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does	

	Ø			s (<i>indicate particular elements below</i>) or said claims Nos. 11, 14, 15 are son could be formed (<i>specify</i>):
		see separate sheet		
	⊠	the claims, or said claim could be formed.	s Nos. ar	e so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion
		no international search r	eport has	been established for the said claims Nos
١V	. Lac	ck of unity of invention		
1.	In r	esponse to the invitation (Form PC	T/IPEA/405) to restrict or pay additional fees, the applicant has:
		restricted the claims.		
		paid additional fees.		
		paid additional fees unde	er protest.	
		neither restricted nor pai	d addition	al fees.
2.	Ø		-	rement of unity of invention is not complied with for the following reasons , not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees:
		see separate sheet		
3.		nsequently, the following p mination in establishing th		e international application were the subject of international preliminary
	\boxtimes	all parts.		
		the parts relating to claim	ns Nos	
V.				2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial ons supporting such statement
1.	Stat	tement		
	Nov	elty (N)	Claims	1. 3. 5-8. 10, 16-20
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Claims	2, 4, 9, 12, 13, 21-23
	Indu	ıstrial applicability (IA)	Claims	

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

- 1. The following documents are cited:
 - D1: FUJIMORI K AND OHTA D: FEBS LETTERS, vol. 428, no. 3, 29 May 1998, pages 229-234
 - D2: KLEM T J AND DAVISSON V J: BIOCHEMISTRY, vol. 32, 1993, pages 5177-5186
 - D3: DATABASE EMEST21 [Online] EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID AW066760, 18 October 1999 (1999-10-18) WALBOT V: 'Maize ESTs from various cDNA libraries sequenced at Stanford University'
 - D4: DATABASE EMEST14 [Online] EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID Al899863, 28 July 1999 (1999-07-28) SHOEMAKER R ET AL.: 'Glycine max cDNA clone similar to: glutamine amidotransferase/cyclase'
 - D5: DATABASE NEW TREMBL [Online] EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID CAB36536, 17 June 1999 (1999-06-17) BEVAN M ET AL.: 'Glutamine amidotransferase/cyclase'

Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

- 2. No meaningful opinion could be formed on claims 11, 14 and 15 since they are too unclear and not supported by the description.
 - Claim 11 refers to a "nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides derived from an isolated polynucleotide of claim 1", whereby claim 1 is directed to a "polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a first polypeptide of at least 60 amino acids that has at least 85% identity ... when compared to a polypeptide selected from ... SEQ ID NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 14". This means that out of the at least 60 amino acids of the "first polypeptide", at least 51 amino acids (85%) have to occur in one of the listed SEQ ID NOs, whereas nine amino acids (encoded by 27 nucleotides) may differ and can basically be any amino acid. Thus, from the 30 contiguous nucleotides referred to in claim 11, only three nucleotides (one codon encoding one amino acid!) have to occur in the defined SEQ ID NOs., and 27 can be any nucleotide whatsoever.

Claims 14 and 15 refer to a "nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1...". The term "derived from" refers to a process of production and can imply any kind of modification. It does therefore not define the nature of the 30 contiguous nucleotides.

Consequently, the present opinion has only been established for claims 1-10, 12-13 and 16-23.

Re Item IV

Lack of unity of invention

- 3. The International Preliminary Examining Authority shares the opinion of the International Searching Authority that the application lacks unity of invention, since the claims are directed to five separate inventions as follows:
 - **Group I:** Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from <u>Impatiens</u>
 - **Group II:** Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from **corn**
 - **Group III:** Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from **rice**
 - **Group IV:** Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from **soybean**
 - **Group V:** Claim 16 (completely), relating to a method for evaluating at least one compound for its ability to inhibit the activity of any histidine biosynthetic enzyme from **any organism**.

The inventions listed as Groups I to V do not relate to a single inventive concept under Rule 13.1 PCT because they lack the same or corresponding technical features, Rule 13.2 PCT. Groups I to IV have in common that they relate to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from a plant. However, this feature is not novel, since the document D1 already discloses the cDNA encoding glutamine amidotransferase from <u>Arabidopsis</u>.

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- 4. The current assessment is based on the assumption that all claims enjoy priority rights from the filing date of the priority document. If it later turns out that this is not correct, the documents D3 to D5 cited in the international search report could become relevant.
- 5. The present application does not satisfy the criterion set forth in Article 33(1)(2) PCT because the subject-matter of claims 1, 3, 5-8, 10 and 16-20 is not new.

The document D1 discloses the cDNA encoding glutamine amidotransferase from Arabidopsis, which is shown to functionally complements a <u>S. cerevisiae his7</u> mutant. The amino acid and nucleotide sequences of the cDNA depicted in Fig. 1 contain stretches of high amino acid and nucleotide sequence identity with the sequences disclosed in the present application. For instance, the 70 amino acids from amino acids 314-383 of D1 differ in only 8 positions from the corresponding sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 (amino acids 285-349) and thus have 88.6% amino acid identity. D1 is thus prejudicial to the novelty of claims 1, 3, 5-8, 10 and 15-20.

Furthermore, claim 16 lacks novelty over D2 which discloses the cloning and overexpression of HisHF from E. coli and its inhibition by divalent metal ions, in particular MgCl₂ and MnCl₂, see especially page 5183, column 1, paragraph 3.

Claims 6-8 lack novelty over naturally occurring plant cells which comprise the genes and polypeptides disclosed in the application. The term "chimeric" used in claim 5 is not suitable to clearly define a features which could distinguish the gene in question from the natural gene.

6. The present application does not satisfy the criterion set forth in Article 33(3) PCT because the subject-matter of claims 2, 4, 9, 12, 13 and 21-23 does not involve an inventive step.

- 6.1. None of the sequences disclosed in the application has been demonstrated to actually encode a polypeptide having a useful property, e.g. glutamine amidotrasferase activity. Consequently, the invention of the present application is considered merely to be the provision of a transcribed sequence ("a DNA") with no known technical useful property.
 - In this case, any prior art compound (e.g. DNA or protein) is equally suitable as the starting point for making structural modifications and may be considered as the "closest prior art".
 - Starting from this point, the only technical problem which may be derived is the provision of a further compound as such, regardless of its useful properties. Without the concomitant need to provide any particular technical effect, the skilled person would have had the choice of an infinite number of equally possible solutions. An arbitrary selection from this host of possible solutions cannot involve an inventive step because, in order to be inventive, the selection must not be arbitrary but must be justified by the technical purpose, i.e. by a hitherto unknown or unexpected technical effect which is caused by those structural features distinguishing the claimed compound from the numerous other ones.
- 6.2. However, it should be noted that even if the glutamine amidotrasferase activity was shown for the polypeptides encoded by the disclosed polynucleotides, an inventive step could still not be acknowledged for the present claims. Once a protein has been identified and its gene has been cloned from one organism, the cloning of the equivalent genes from other organisms is merely routine and not based on an inventive step. Furthermore, none of the claims appears to contain any additional features which involve an inventive step, because these features are within the scope of the customary practice followed by person skilled in the art, especially as the advantages thus achieved can be readily contemplated in advance.

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

Independent claim 16 does not state that the host cell is transformed with a gene 7. according to the application, i.e. the glutamine amidotransferase gene of

Impatiens, corn, rice or soybean. Therefore, the claim does meet the requirement following from Article 6 PCT taken in combination with Rule 6.3(b) PCT that any independent claim must contain all the technical features essential to the definition of the invention.

PATENT COOPERATION TREAT

CC: AG BIUTECH

From the

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

DEC 11 2000

To:

Lynne M. Christenbury E.I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY Legal/Patent Records Center 1007 Market Street Wilmington, Delaware 19898 **ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE**

PATENT RECORDS

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

(PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of mailing

(day/month/year)

28.11.2000

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

Priority date (day/month/year)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

International application No.

PCT/US99/25950

BB1129 PCT

International filing date (day/month/year)

04/11/1999

05/11/1998

Applicant

E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY et al.

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

REY noted

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/

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PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's	or age	ent's file reference		See Notification of Transmittal of International
BB1129	PCT		FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
Internation	al appi	ication No.	International filing date (day/mont	h/year) Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/US	99/25	950	04/11/1999	05/11/1998
Internation C12N15		ent Classification (IPC) or r	ational classification and IPC	
Applicant E. I. DU	PON ⁻	T DE NEMOURS AN	D COMPANY et al.	·
			mination report has been prepare according to Article 36.	d by this International Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This	REPO	RT consists of a total of	of 9 sheets, including this cover s	heet.
b (:	een a see R	mended and are the ba	asis for this report and/or sheets 607 of the Administrative Instruct	ne description, claims and/or drawings which have containing rectifications made before this Authority ons under the PCT).
3. This	report ⊠	contains indications re	lating to the following items:	
II		Priority		
Ш	\boxtimes	Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to novelty, in	ventive step and industrial applicability
IV	\boxtimes	Lack of unity of invent	tion	
V	×		under Article 35(2) with regard to tions suporting such statement	novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
VI		Certain documents c	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
VII		Certain defects in the	international application	
VIII	⊠	Certain observations	on the international application	
Date of sul	omissio	on of the demand	Date of	completion of this report
29/05/20	00		28.11.2	2000
	exam	g address of the internation	nal Authori	zed officer
<u>)</u>	D-80	pean Patent Office 0298 Munich +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 5236	Giebe	ler, K
_	Fax:	+49 89 2399 - 4465	Teleph	one No. +49 89 2399 8546

International application No. PCT/US99/25950

 Basis of the report

1	re: the	sponse to an invitation	rawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in on under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).):					
	1-0	30	as originally filed					
	Cla	aims, No.:						
	1-2	23	as originally filed					
	Dra	awings, sheets:						
	1/4	-4/4	as originally filed					
2.	Wit lan	h regard to the lang guage in which the i	uage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the nternational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	The	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:						
		the language of a t	ranslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).					
		<u></u>						
		the language of a t 55.2 and/or 55.3).	ranslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule					
3.	Witl inte	h regard to any nuc l rnational preliminary	eotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:					
		contained in the int	ernational application in written form.					
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.						
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.						
		The statement that listing has been fun	the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence nished.					
4.	The	amendments have	resulted in the cancellation of:					
		the description,	pages:					
		the claims,	Nos.:					

International application No. PCT/US99/25950

		the drawings, sheets:
5.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):
		(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)
6.	Add	ditional observations, if necessary:
111	. Noi	n-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
Tł	ne qu	estions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-obvious), is industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:
		the entire international application.
	×	claims Nos. 11,14,15.
be	caus	se:
		the said international application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (<i>specify</i>):
	☒	the description, claims or drawings (<i>indicate particular elements below</i>) or said claims Nos. 11,14,15 are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (<i>specify</i>): see separate sheet
	Ø	the claims, or said claims Nos. 11,14,15 are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.
		no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos
2.	and	eaningful international preliminary examination report cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide for amino acid sequence listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative ructions:
		the written form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard. the computer readable form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.
IV.	Lac	k of unity of invention
1.	In re	sponse to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:
		restricted the claims.

International application No. PCT/US99/25950

		paid additional fees.					
		paid additional fees under protest.					
		neither restricted nor paid additional fees.					
2.	×	This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.					
3.	This	This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is					
		complied with.					
	Ø	not complied with for the see separate sheet	e followi	ng reaso	ns:		
4.	Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report:						
	×	all parts.					
		the parts relating to clair	ns Nos.				
V.	Rea citat	soned statement under tions and explanations	r Article suppoi	e 35(2) wi	ith regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; h statement		
1.	State	ement		٠	•		
	Nov	elty (N)	Yes: No:		2,4,9,12,13,21-23 1,3,5-8,10,16-20		
	Inve	ntive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	2,4,9,12,13,21-23		
	Indu	strial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-10,12,13,16-23		

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

se separate sheet

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY In EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEE

1. The following documents are cited:

D1: FUJIMORI K AND OHTA D: FEBS L pages 229-234

D2: KLEM T J AND DAVISSON V J: BIO(5177-5186

D3: DATABASE EMEST21 [Online] EMBL AW066760, 18 October 1999 (1999-10 various cDNA libraries sequenced at SI

D4: DATABASE EMEST14 [Online] EMBL Al899863, 28 July 1999 (1999-07-28) S cDNA clone similar to: glutamine amidot

D5: DATABASE NEW TREMBL [Online] EN. CAB36536, 17 June 1999 (1999-06-17) I amidotransferase/cyclase'

please Uk the Corresponding U.S Carr (if any) and prepare on IDS

JS PCT file only

Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

2. No meaningful opinion could be formed on claims 11, 14 and 15 since they are too unclear and not supported by the description.

Claim 11 refers to a "nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides derived from an isolated polynucleotide of claim 1", whereby claim 1 is directed to a "polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a first polypeptide of at least 60 amino acids that has at least 85% identity ... when compared to a polypeptide selected from ... SEQ ID NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 14". This means that out of the at least 60 amino acids of the "first polypeptide", at least 51 amino acids (85%) have to occur in one of the listed SEQ ID NOs, whereas nine amino acids (encoded by 27 nucleotides) may differ and can basically be any amino acid. Thus, from the 30 contiguous nucleotides referred to in claim 11, only three nucleotides (one codon encoding one amino acid!) have to occur in the defined SEQ ID NOs., and 27 can be any nucleotide whatsoever.

Claims 14 and 15 refer to a "nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1...". The term "derived from" refers to a process of production and can imply any kind of modification. It does therefore not define the nature of the 30 contiguous nucleotides.

Consequently, the present opinion has only been established for claims 1-10, 12-13 and 16-23.

Re Item IV

Lack of unity of invention

- The International Preliminary Examining Authority shares the opinion of the 3. International Searching Authority that the application lacks unity of invention, since the claims are directed to five separate inventions as follows:
 - Group I: Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from Impatiens
 - Group II: Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from corn
 - Group III: Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from rice
 - Group IV: Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from soybean
 - Group V: Claim 16 (completely), relating to a method for evaluating at least one compound for its ability to inhibit the activity of any histidine biosynthetic enzyme from any organism.

The inventions listed as Groups I to V do not relate to a single inventive concept under Rule 13.1 PCT because they lack the same or corresponding technical features. Rule 13.2 PCT. Groups I to IV have in common that they relate to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from a plant. However, this feature is not novel, since the document D1 already discloses the cDNA encoding glutamine amidotransferase from Arabidopsis.

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- 4. The current assessment is based on the assumption that all claims enjoy priority rights from the filing date of the priority document. If it later turns out that this is not correct, the documents D3 to D5 cited in the international search report could become relevant.
- 5. The present application does not satisfy the criterion set forth in Article 33(1)(2) PCT because the subject-matter of claims 1, 3, 5-8, 10 and 16-20 is not new.

The document D1 discloses the cDNA encoding glutamine amidotransferase from Arabidopsis, which is shown to functionally complements a S. cerevisiae his7 mutant. The amino acid and nucleotide sequences of the cDNA depicted in Fig. 1 contain stretches of high amino acid and nucleotide sequence identity with the sequences disclosed in the present application. For instance, the 70 amino acids from amino acids 314-383 of D1 differ in only 8 positions from the corresponding sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 (amino acids 285-349) and thus have 88.6% amino acid identity. D1 is thus prejudicial to the novelty of claims 1, 3, 5-8, 10 and 15-20.

Furthermore, claim 16 lacks novelty over D2 which discloses the cloning and overexpression of HisHF from E. coli and its inhibition by divalent metal ions, in particular MgCl₂ and MnCl₂, see especially page 5183, column 1, paragraph 3.

Claims 6-8 lack novelty over naturally occurring plant cells which comprise the genes and polypeptides disclosed in the application. The term "chimeric" used in claim 5 is not suitable to clearly define a features which could distinguish the gene in question from the natural gene.

The present application does not satisfy the criterion set forth in Article 33(3) PCT 6. because the subject-matter of claims 2, 4, 9, 12, 13 and 21-23 does not involve an inventive step.

- 6.1. None of the sequences disclosed in the application has been demonstrated to actually encode a polypeptide having a useful property, e.g. glutamine amidotrasferase activity. Consequently, the invention of the present application is considered merely to be the provision of a transcribed sequence ("a DNA") with no known technical useful property.
 - In this case, any prior art compound (e.g. DNA or protein) is equally suitable as the starting point for making structural modifications and may be considered as the "closest prior art".
 - Starting from this point, the only technical problem which may be derived is the provision of a further compound as such, regardless of its useful properties. Without the concomitant need to provide any particular technical effect, the skilled person would have had the choice of an infinite number of equally possible solutions. An arbitrary selection from this host of possible solutions cannot involve an inventive step because, in order to be inventive, the selection must not be arbitrary but must be justified by the technical purpose, i.e. by a hitherto unknown or unexpected technical effect which is caused by those structural features distinguishing the claimed compound from the numerous other ones.
- 6.2. However, it should be noted that even if the glutamine amidotrasferase activity was shown for the polypeptides encoded by the disclosed polynucleotides, an inventive step could still not be acknowledged for the present claims. Once a protein has been identified and its gene has been cloned from one organism, the cloning of the equivalent genes from other organisms is merely routine and not based on an inventive step. Furthermore, none of the claims appears to contain any additional features which involve an inventive step, because these features are within the scope of the customary practice followed by person skilled in the art, especially as the advantages thus achieved can be readily contemplated in advance.

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

7. Independent claim 16 does not state that the host cell is transformed with a gene according to the application, i.e. the glutamine amidotransferase gene of

Impatiens, corn, rice or soybean. Therefore, the claim does meet the requirement following from Article 6 PCT taken in combination with Rule 6.3(b) PCT that any independent claim must contain all the technical features essential to the definition of the invention.

REC'D 3 0 NOV 2000

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(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

Applicant's	or ag	ent's file reference		See Notifi	cation of Transmittal of International		
BB1129	PCT		FOR FURTHER ACTI	~ N	y Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)		
Internation	al app	ication No.	International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (Priority date (day/month/year)		
PCT/US	99/25	950	04/11/1999		05/11/1998		
	International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC C12N15/82						
Applicant							
, ,	D() N	T DE NEMOURS AND	COMPANY of al				
E. 1. DO		T DE NEWOONS AND	COMPANT et al.				
		ational preliminary exami smitted to the applicant a		pared by this Int	ernational Preliminary Examining Authority		
2. This F	REPO	PRT consists of a total of	9 sheets, including this co	ver sheet.			
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of sheets.							
3. This r	This report contains indications relating to the following items:						
I ⊠ Basis of the report							
H		Priority					
III 🛛 Non-establishment of op		Non-establishment of op-	pinion with regard to novel	y, inventive step	and industrial applicability		
IV \(\Sigma \) Lack of unity of invention		Lack of unity of invention					
V	⊠	Reasoned statement un citations and explanation	der Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; ns suporting such statement				
VI		Certain documents cite	d				
VII		Certain defects in the in	ternational application				
VIII 🛛 Certain observations on the international application							
Date of submission of the demand			Da	te of completion of	this report		
29/05/2000				.11.2000			
		address of the international ning authority:	Au	thorized officer	SO SO SO MILITAR		
)	European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d			ebeler, K	A STATE OF THE STA		
	Fax:	+49 89 2399 - 4465	l Te	lephone No. +49 8	9 2399 8546		

International application No. PCT/US99/25950

I. Basis	f th	ne i	rr	r	t
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 This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed the report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).): Description, pages: 							
	1-3	30	as originally filed				
	Cla	aims, No.:					
	1-2	23	as originally filed				
	Dra	awings, sheets:					
	1/4	-4/4	as originally filed				
2.	Wit lan	h regard to the lang guage in which the i	uage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the nternational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.				
	The	ese elements were a	vailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:				
		the language of a t	ranslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).				
	☐ the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).						
		the language of a t 55.2 and/or 55.3).	ranslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule				
3.	Witi	h regard to any nuc l rnational preliminary	eotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:				
		contained in the int	ernational application in written form.				
	☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.						
	☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.						
	☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.						
		☐ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.					
•		The statement that listing has been fur	the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence nished.				
4.	The	amendments have	resulted in the cancellation of:				
		the description,	pages:				
		the claims,	Nos.:				

International application No. PCT/US99/25950

		the drawings,	sheets:	
5.		This report has been considered to go bey	established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have be yond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):	een
		(Any replacement sh report.)	neet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to t	his
6.	Add	ditional observations, i	f necessary:	
111.	. Nor	n-establishment of o	pinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability	
Th or	ne qu to be	estions whether the c e industrially applicabl	laimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-obvious e have not been examined in respect of:	s),
		the entire internation	al application.	
	×	claims Nos. 11,14,15	•	
be	caus	se:		
		the said international not require an interna	application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does ational preliminary examination (specify):	S
	⊠	the description, claim unclear that no mean see separate sheet	s or drawings (<i>indicate particular elements below</i>) or said claims Nos. 11,14,15 are singful opinion could be formed (<i>specify</i>):	so
	×	the claims, or said cla opinion could be form	aims Nos. 11,14,15 are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaning	gful
		no international searc	ch report has been established for the said claims Nos	
2.	and/	eaningful internationa or amino acid sequen ructions:	preliminary examination report cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleo ce listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative	tide
		the written form has r	not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.	
		the computer readabl	e form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.	
٧.	Lac	k of unity of inventio	n	
۱.	In re	sponse to the invitation	on to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:	
		restricted the claims.		

International application No. PCT/US99/25950

		paid additional fees.					
		paid additional fees under protest.					
		neither restricted nor pa	id addit	ional fees	3.		
2.	×	This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.					
3.	This	his Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is					
		complied with.					
	×	not complied with for the see separate sheet	e followi	ng reasoi	ns:		
4.		Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report:					
	×	all parts.					
		the parts relating to clair	ns Nos.	•			
V.		nsoned statement under utions and explanations			ith regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;		
1.	Sta	tement					
	Nov	velty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	2,4,9,12,13,21-23 1,3,5-8,10,16-20		
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	2,4,9,12,13,21-23		
	Indi	ustrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-10,12,13,16-23		

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made: see separate sheet

- 1. The following documents are cited:
 - D1: FUJIMORI K AND OHTA D: FEBS LETTERS, vol. 428, no. 3, 29 May 1998, pages 229-234
 - D2: KLEM T J AND DAVISSON V J: BIOCHEMISTRY, vol. 32, 1993, pages 5177-5186
 - D3: DATABASE EMEST21 [Online] EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID AW066760, 18 October 1999 (1999-10-18) WALBOT V: 'Maize ESTs from various cDNA libraries sequenced at Stanford University'
 - D4: DATABASE EMEST14 [Online] EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID Al899863, 28 July 1999 (1999-07-28) SHOEMAKER R ET AL.: 'Glycine max cDNA clone similar to: glutamine amidotransferase/cyclase'
 - D5: DATABASE NEW TREMBL [Online] EMBL Heidelberg, Germany AC/ID CAB36536, 17 June 1999 (1999-06-17) BEVAN M ET AL.: 'Glutamine amidotransferase/cyclase'

Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

- 2. No meaningful opinion could be formed on claims 11, 14 and 15 since they are too unclear and not supported by the description.
 - Claim 11 refers to a "nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides derived from an isolated polynucleotide of claim 1", whereby claim 1 is directed to a "polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a first polypeptide of at least 60 amino acids that has at least 85% identity ... when compared to a polypeptide selected from ... SEQ ID NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 14". This means that out of the at least 60 amino acids of the "first polypeptide", at least 51 amino acids (85%) have to occur in one of the listed SEQ ID NOs, whereas nine amino acids (encoded by 27 nucleotides) may differ and can basically be any amino acid. Thus, from the 30 contiguous nucleotides referred to in claim 11, only three nucleotides (one codon encoding one amino acid!) have to occur in the defined SEQ ID NOs., and 27 can be any nucleotide whatsoever.

Claims 14 and 15 refer to a "nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1...". The term "derived from" refers to a process of production and can imply any kind of modification. It does therefore not define the nature of the 30 contiguous nucleotides.

Consequently, the present opinion has only been established for claims 1-10, 12-13 and 16-23.

Re Item IV

Lack of unity of invention

- The International Preliminary Examining Authority shares the opinion of the 3. International Searching Authority that the application lacks unity of invention, since the claims are directed to five separate inventions as follows:
 - Group I: Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from **Impatiens**
 - Group II: Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from corn
 - Group III: Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from rice
 - Group IV: Claims 1-15, 17-23 (partially), relating to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from soybean
 - Group V: Claim 16 (completely), relating to a method for evaluating at least one compound for its ability to inhibit the activity of any histidine biosynthetic enzyme from any organism.

The inventions listed as Groups I to V do not relate to a single inventive concept under Rule 13.1 PCT because they lack the same or corresponding technical features, Rule 13.2 PCT. Groups I to IV have in common that they relate to an isolated polynucleotide encoding glutamine amidotransferase from a plant. However, this feature is not novel, since the document D1 already discloses the cDNA encoding glutamine amidotransferase from Arabidopsis.

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- The current assessment is based on the assumption that all claims enjoy priority 4. rights from the filing date of the priority document. If it later turns out that this is not correct, the documents D3 to D5 cited in the international search report could become relevant.
- The present application does not satisfy the criterion set forth in Article 33(1)(2) 5. PCT because the subject-matter of claims 1, 3, 5-8, 10 and 16-20 is not new.

The document D1 discloses the cDNA encoding glutamine amidotransferase from Arabidopsis, which is shown to functionally complements a S. cerevisiae his7 mutant. The amino acid and nucleotide sequences of the cDNA depicted in Fig. 1 contain stretches of high amino acid and nucleotide sequence identity with the sequences disclosed in the present application. For instance, the 70 amino acids from amino acids 314-383 of D1 differ in only 8 positions from the corresponding sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 (amino acids 285-349) and thus have 88.6% amino acid identity. D1 is thus prejudicial to the novelty of claims 1, 3, 5-8, 10 and 15-20.

Furthermore, claim 16 lacks novelty over D2 which discloses the cloning and overexpression of HisHF from E. coli and its inhibition by divalent metal ions, in particular MgCl₂ and MnCl₂, see especially page 5183, column 1, paragraph 3.

Claims 6-8 lack novelty over naturally occurring plant cells which comprise the genes and polypeptides disclosed in the application. The term "chimeric" used in claim 5 is not suitable to clearly define a features which could distinguish the gene in question from the natural gene.

6. The present application does not satisfy the criterion set forth in Article 33(3) PCT because the subject-matter of claims 2, 4, 9, 12, 13 and 21-23 does not involve an inventive step.

- 6.1. None of the sequences disclosed in the application has been demonstrated to actually encode a polypeptide having a useful property, e.g. glutamine amidotrasferase activity. Consequently, the invention of the present application is considered merely to be the provision of a transcribed sequence ("a DNA") with no known technical useful property.
 - In this case, any prior art compound (e.g. DNA or protein) is equally suitable as the starting point for making structural modifications and may be considered as the "closest prior art".
 - Starting from this point, the only technical problem which may be derived is the provision of a further compound as such, regardless of its useful properties. Without the concomitant need to provide any particular technical effect, the skilled person would have had the choice of an infinite number of equally possible solutions. An arbitrary selection from this host of possible solutions cannot involve an inventive step because, in order to be inventive, the selection must not be arbitrary but must be justified by the technical purpose, i.e. by a hitherto unknown or unexpected technical effect which is caused by those structural features distinguishing the claimed compound from the numerous other ones.
- 6.2. However, it should be noted that even if the glutamine amidotrasferase activity was shown for the polypeptides encoded by the disclosed polynucleotides, an inventive step could still not be acknowledged for the present claims. Once a protein has been identified and its gene has been cloned from one organism, the cloning of the equivalent genes from other organisms is merely routine and not based on an inventive step. Furthermore, none of the claims appears to contain any additional features which involve an inventive step, because these features are within the scope of the customary practice followed by person skilled in the art, especially as the advantages thus achieved can be readily contemplated in advance.

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

7. Independent claim 16 does not state that the host cell is transformed with a gene according to the application, i.e. the glutamine amidotransferase gene of

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<u>Impatiens</u>, corn, rice or soybean. Therefore, the claim does meet the requirement following from Article 6 PCT taken in combination with Rule 6.3(b) PCT that any independent claim must contain all the technical features essential to the definition of the invention.